

A Project of the American Academy of Arts & Sciences

## Alabama's Humanities Majors at Work: What They Earn, What They Do

In the first study of its kind, the Humanities Indicators developed a series of <u>profiles</u> about the career outcomes of humanities majors residing in Alabama and the other 49 states, drawing on data from the U.S. Census Bureau's American Community Survey.

## Among the key findings:

- The 43,815 humanities graduates residing in Alabama and working full-time
  account for 3% of the state's full-time workforce (looking across all the states, the
  average share is 4%). Bear in mind that only 32% of the state's full-time workers
  have a bachelor's degree, so humanities graduates account for approximately 8%
  of that share.
- The median earnings of humanities majors in the state's full-time workforce (\$59,027 per year) are 57% higher than the median earnings of workers with just a high school degree (\$37,534). Even those at the bottom quartile of earnings for graduates from the humanities (\$41,197) are earning \$3,663 more than the median for those in the workforce with just a high school diploma. One in four humanities graduates in the state earns more than \$87,544.
- The median earnings for humanities majors in Alabama are similar to or higher than
  the earnings of graduates from the behavioral and social sciences, arts, and
  education. Their earnings are lower than those of graduates from the natural
  sciences and business (by 15% and 17%, respectively). Engineering graduates earn
  substantially more than college graduates from every other field, both nationally
  and in Alabama.
- The unemployment rate for humanities majors is similar to other college graduates in Alabama at 3%, and lower than the rate for those in the labor force with just a high school degree (6%).
- Humanities graduates in Alabama are most likely to be found in education occupations, with 18% employed in that category.
- Older humanities graduates make considerably more than their younger counterparts. Full-time workers aged 22–26 have median earnings of \$34,753, but that rises to \$64,231 for those aged 30–59.
- Humanities graduates in Alabama with an advanced degree have a 20% boost in median earnings (rising from \$55,667 for full-time workers with just a bachelor's degree to \$67,058 for workers with a higher degree).

 Areas of employment with substantial shares of humanities graduates are the legal profession (where humanities graduates account for 27% of bachelor's degree holders employed in those jobs) and museum/library professions (where they are 24% of college graduates in those occupations). Approximately 11% of college graduates working in the not-for-profit sector majored in the humanities.

Note that unless otherwise specified, earnings and unemployment estimates are for workers aged 25–59.

Earnings and occupation are not the only measure of success in one's career or life. See the recent <u>Workforce and Beyond</u> report from the Indicators for measures of job and life satisfaction for humanities graduates.

Finally, if you have any questions about this profile, the larger project, or the Humanities Indicators, please contact Robert Townsend (the Director of Humanities, Arts, and Culture Programs at the Academy) at <a href="mailto:rtownsend@amacad.org">rtownsend@amacad.org</a>.